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# FOREIGN PRESS BULLETIN

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Foreign Press Bulletin is a daily publication of the Foreign Documents Division giving press items of current interest which, to our knowledge, have not been reported by other media. The items are grouped by subject category.

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POLITICAL

JAPANESE COMMUNIST SUPPORT FOR BUCHAREST DECLARATION -- Tokyo, Zenei, Sep 60

[Comment: The 11th Plenum of the Japan Communist Party Central Committee issued a statement supporting the Bucharest Declaration on 1 August 1960, and subsequently Zenei, the party's theoretical journal, printed an article written on 30 July by Kamiyama Shigeo, chief of the Peace and Military Bases and Countermeasure Department of the party and a member of the Central Committee, entitled "Let Us Support the Joint Declaration of the Bucharest Conference and Further Contribute to the World Peace Struggle." A summary of this article follows.]

Khrushchev's [Bucharest] speech and the Bucharest Declaration clarified the following: (1) the repeated US and other imperialists' provocations and cold war policies have increased world tensions locally. Despite this, the trend of the world situation has been developing further in the direction of "the east wind overwhelming the west wind." We must concentrate on relaxing world tensions and exterminating the cold war. We must oppose the imperialists unflinching; (2) to realize the policy of peaceful coexistence among nations with diverse social systems, we must confirm the importance of the world peace forces to struggle more resolutely; (3) we must revalidate the fact that the possibility of preventing war based on solidarity and struggle of the peace forces has increased, but as long as imperialism exists, we can say that a possibility of war and inevitability of war in some meanings and in some aspects exist; (4) people in every country must increase precautions against the danger of war and must further increase the struggle for peace; and (5) we must revalidate the importance of further strengthening subjective conditions which would create the possibility of preventing war.

There are some among us who believe that the struggle to win peace means merely to consider the "peace movement" seriously. This is wrong. This should not be so. An exhaustive reading of the Moscow and Bucharest declarations could clarify this.

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The struggle for peace stated in the two declarations is the first major duty for the Communists. It means that the Communists should, in conformity with today's international situation, grasp each country's good points correctly, minutely analyze interests, demands, and feelings of all classes, and adopt a policy oriented toward peace by exerting all efforts in that direction.

As long as capitalistic imperialism exists, the possibility of war remains and the world victory of the socialist structure is the only guarantee for permanent peace. The class struggle of the working class is the only road to overthrowing capitalism. From this viewpoint, we believe that the problem of war and peace cannot be separated from class struggle. However, as long as the imperialists themselves are pursuing a policy of aggression by the illegal creation of the danger of a rocket-nuclear war, the possibility of the struggle for peace being transferred into a revolutionary struggle is increased. The capitalist system cannot depend on the support of the people, even if it tries to avoid criticism from the people. Consequently, Marxists are becoming more and more convinced that if World War III occurs, capitalism cannot remain alive. In reality, under the various conditions existing today, the imperialists' policy aimed at war preparations will result in the inevitable destruction of the omnipotence of the monopolistic structure.

We should stand firm on the Bucharest Declaration, return to the spirit of the Moscow Declaration, and exert our whole effort toward the Communists' first major duty, that of the strengthening of peace. Moreover, we should overcome the tendencies which interfere with the realization of this task.

WRITER SAYS CHINA CANNOT DEPEND ON FOREIGN AID -- Peiping, Jen-min Jih-pao, 27 Sep 60, p 7

"Tzu-chi Tung-shou" (Do something with one's own hands) is also "self-regeneration," a strong expression of will. It is a method of work and an expression of revolutionary spirit. In our revolutionary and construction work we must do everything possible to get foreign aid. We needed this aid in the past; we will need it also in the future. However, we are a nation of over 600 million people, and in building up our country well, we cannot depend solely on other people's aid but must depend solely on "Tzu-chi Tung-shou." Mao Tse-tung once pointed out that "We advocate self-regeneration. We hope to have foreign aid, but we cannot depend on it. We depend solely on our own efforts and on the creative potential of all of the soldiers and civilians." -- Yu Chang-shui

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SCIENTIFIC-TECHNICAL

NUCLEAR INSTITUTE NAME APPEARS CHANGED -- Statistického, No 3, 30 Jun 60, p 35

The following is an FDD comment.

Although there is no specific statement to the effect that the name of the Institute for Nuclear Physics (Ustav jaderne fysiky) has been changed, a notice in the Prague Vestník Statního Úradu Statistického, No 3, of 30 June 1960 (page 35), states that the abbreviation UJF (Ustav jaderne fysiky, Institute for Nuclear Physics) has been abolished and replaced by the abbreviation UJV (Ustav jaderného výzkumu, Institute for Nuclear Research).

COMPUTER DEVELOPMENT IN POLAND -- Warsaw, Przegląd Techniczny, No 35, 31 Aug 60, p 7

Polish specialists from the Mathematical Apparatus Plant of the Polish Academy of Sciences are working on "Skrzat," a mathematical computer system which will control certain processes at the "Jedlicze" refinery. The machine will control such conditions as temperature, pressure, and rate of flow automatically.

At the same time, the Mathematical Apparatus Plant is working on "ZAM - 3," a mathematical calculating machine based on a ferrite-semiconductor system. The machine now under construction, which will approach the world's leading machines in operating speed, will be used by the Polish National Bank.

The plant is also working on several types of analog computers, such as "EMIRR" and "ELI," which will solve ordinary and fractional differential equations. Work is also continuing on the "SAKO" system, which is based on automatic preparation or programming of calculating machines for solving specific problems.

PROMOTION OF METRIC SCREWS -- Peiping, Ta Kung Pao, 5 Sep 60, p 3

China is promoting metric screws. The standards of screws, bolts and dies promulgated by the state and the standards of screw thread promulgated by the ministry [presumably the First Ministry of Machine Industry] are all in the metric system, none in the British system. But, because of custom and the need for repairing and maintaining old machinery, both metric and British screws are sold.

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According to the specifications promulgated by the ministry, the metric thread system is divided into a basic metric thread and a fine thread of types No 1, 2, 3, and 4. The basic metric thread screws are for common usage; type No 1 of the fine thread is used in motor vehicles and aircraft; type No 2, 3, and 4 are seldom used.

The British thread commonly called the Whitworth thread is divided into coarse and fine threads. In addition, the Soviet standards on the British thread, angle, and pitch are the same as those of the Whitworth, except for the tip of the thread and the base of the groove.

#### MILITARY

CUSTOMS PERSONNEL USED FOR BORDER OBSERVATIONS -- Berlin, Die Volksarmee, 22 Sep 60

In addition to checking persons and commodities, members of the Customs and Goods Control Office (Amt fuer Zoll und Kontrolle des Warenverkehrs) at the Marienborn control point assist in maintaining the security of an East German border section. Their duties include constant observation of the 10-meter-wide protective strip and the air space above it, as well as other related tasks.

Members of the force receive specialized training enabling them to detect border violators and smugglers of goods. They are also instructed in the use of weapons and trained to use initiative when fast action is required.

[Comment: The article, describing the duties of units assigned to the Berlin Ring area, state border points, and inland factories exporting goods to the Soviet Union, also includes reproductions of the force's 16 rank insignia with descriptions of their color schemes.]

NEW MILITARY TRAINING AND PROGRAM DIRECTIVES -- Prague, Obrance Vlasti, 19 Aug 60, p 5

The presidium of the Central Committee of the SVAZARM (Svaz pro spolupraci s armadou, Union for Cooperation with the Army) approved a new set of directives on 29 July 1960 which govern paramilitary and pre-military youth training in Czechoslovakia "in accordance with modern times." The directives, which will be effective 1 January 1961, will be disseminated among all basic SVAZARM organizations and will spell out the program to be followed at all levels. One of the provisions of the new directives authorizes each bonafide trainee to receive a given number of [air rifle] pellets, rounds of ammunition, and targets free of charge.

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ECONOMIC

PLANS FOR NUCLEAR THERMOELECTRIC POWER PLANT -- Belgrade, Borba, 21 Sep 60,  
p 4

The director of "Energoinvest" Enterprise in Sarajevo has announced that the enterprise has drawn preliminary plans for the first domestic nuclear thermoelectric power plant.

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